

Two Equations of Lagrange

Bill Page

8/8/2016

1 Two Equations of Lagrange in Terms of Differential Forms

We show that the “two equations of Lagrange” given by Oziewicz and Ramirez are not independent. The second equation is exactly v times the first equation.

This worksheet: [https://cloud.sagemath.com/projects/b04b5777-e269-4c8f-a4b8-b21dbe1c93c6/files/Two%](https://cloud.sagemath.com/projects/b04b5777-e269-4c8f-a4b8-b21dbe1c93c6/files/Two%20Equations%20of%20Lagrange)

```
%typeset_mode True
```

Consider vectors and forms on a 6-dimensional manifold

```
M = Manifold(5, 'M')
coord.<t, x, v, a, s> = M.chart()
f = M.scalar_field(function('f')(*list(coord)))
basis = coord.frame()
[Dt, Dx, Dv, Da, Ds] = [basis[i] for i in range(M.dim())]
cobasis=coord.coframe()
[dt, dx, dv, da, ds] = [cobasis[i] for i in range(M.dim())]
d=xder
def ev(N): return (lambda x: N.contract(x))
```

1.1 For the most general Lagrangian

```
L = M.scalar_field(function('L')(*list(coord))); L.display()
```

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s) & \longmapsto & L(t, x, v, a, s) \end{array}$$

f is a dependent variable

```
f = M.scalar_field(var('f'))
```

Kinematics

$N = Dt + v*Dx + a*Dv + s*Da + f*D_s; N.display()$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + v \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + a \frac{\partial}{\partial v} + s \frac{\partial}{\partial a} + f \frac{\partial}{\partial s}$$

$N(M.scalar_field(t)) == 1$

$N(M.scalar_field(x)) == v$

$N(M.scalar_field(v)) == a$

$N(M.scalar_field(a)) == s$

$N(M.scalar_field(s)) == f$

True

True

True

True

True

Define auxillary fields

$r = D_s(L); r.display()$

$$\begin{aligned} M & \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) & \longmapsto \frac{\partial L}{\partial s} \end{aligned}$$

$q = D_a(L) - N(r); q.display()$

$$\begin{aligned} M & \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) & \longmapsto -v \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial x \partial s} - a \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial v \partial s} - s \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial a \partial s} - f \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial s^2} - \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial t \partial s} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} \end{aligned}$$

$p = D_v(L) - N(q); p.display()$

$$\begin{aligned} M & \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) & \longmapsto v^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial x^2 \partial s} + a^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial v^2 \partial s} + 2as \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial v \partial a \partial s} + 2af \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial v \partial s^2} + s^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial a^2 \partial s} + 2fs \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial a \partial s^2} + f^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial s^3} + (2a \end{aligned}$$

First Equation

$(N(p) - D_x(L)).display()$

$$\begin{aligned} M & \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) & \longmapsto v^3 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x^3 \partial s} + a^3 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial v^3 \partial s} + 3a^2 s \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial v^2 \partial a \partial s} + 3a^2 f \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial v^2 \partial s^2} + 3as^2 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial v \partial a^2 \partial s} + 6afs \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial v \partial a \partial s^2} + 3 \end{aligned}$$

Second Equation

$(Dt(L) - (N(L) - (p*a + q*s + r*f) - (v*N(p) + a*N(q) + s*N(r)))) . display()$

$$\begin{aligned} M & \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) & \longmapsto v^4 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x^3 \partial s} + \left(3a \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x^2 \partial v \partial s} + 3s \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x^2 \partial a \partial s} + 3f \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x^2 \partial s^2} + 3 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial t \partial x^2 \partial s} - \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial x^2 \partial a} \right) v^3 + \left(3a^2 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x \partial v^2 \partial s} + 3as \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x \partial a \partial s} + 3af \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x \partial s^2} + 3s^2 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x \partial a^2 \partial s} + 6afs \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x \partial a \partial s^2} + 3f^2 \frac{\partial^4 L}{\partial x \partial s^3} + 3 \right) \end{aligned}$$

Multiplying by v

$v*(N(p) - D_x(L)) == (Dt(L) - (N(L) - (p*a + q*s + r*f) - (v*N(p) + a*N(q) + s*N(r)))) \backslash$

True

1.2 Checking the calculations from the paper

```
L = M.scalar_field(function('L')(*list(coord)))
p = M.scalar_field(function('p')(*list(coord)))
q = M.scalar_field(function('q')(*list(coord)))
r = M.scalar_field(function('r')(*list(coord)))
t=M.scalar_field(t)
x=M.scalar_field(x)
v=M.scalar_field(v)
a=M.scalar_field(a)
s=M.scalar_field(s)
```

Action differential Form

```
alpha = L*dt + p*(dx-v*dt) + q*(dv-a*dt) + r*(da-s*dt)
alpha.display()
```

$$(-vp(t, x, v, a, s) - aq(t, x, v, a, s) - sr(t, x, v, a, s) + L(t, x, v, a, s)) dt + p(t, x, v, a, s) dx + q(t, x, v, a, s) dv + r(t, x, v, a, s) da$$

```
alpha == L*dt+p*dx+q*dv+r*da-(p*v+q*a+r*s)*dt
True
```

```
d(alpha).display()
```

$$\left(v \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + a \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} + s \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial p}{\partial t}\right) dt \wedge dx + \left(v \frac{\partial p}{\partial v} + a \frac{\partial q}{\partial v} + s \frac{\partial r}{\partial v} + p(t, x, v, a, s) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial q}{\partial t}\right) dt \wedge dv + \left(v \frac{\partial p}{\partial a} + a \frac{\partial q}{\partial a} + s \frac{\partial r}{\partial a} + q(t, x, v, a, s) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial t}\right) dt \wedge da + \left(v \frac{\partial p}{\partial s} + a \frac{\partial q}{\partial s} + s \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} + r(t, x, v, a, s) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial s}\right) dt \wedge ds + \left(-\frac{\partial p}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial q}{\partial x}\right) dx \wedge dv + \left(-\frac{\partial p}{\partial a} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial x}\right) dx \wedge da - \frac{\partial p}{\partial s} dx \wedge ds + \left(-\frac{\partial q}{\partial a} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial v}\right) dv \wedge da - \frac{\partial q}{\partial s} dv \wedge ds - \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} da \wedge ds$$

```
d(alpha) == d(L).wedge(dt) + d(p).wedge(dx) + d(q).wedge(dv) + d(r).\
wedge(da) - d(p*v + q*a + r*s).wedge(dt)
True
```

```
ev(alpha)(N)==L
True
```

```
Omega = -(p*dx+q*dv+r*da).wedge(d(t)); Omega.display()
p(t, x, v, a, s) dt \wedge dx + q(t, x, v, a, s) dt \wedge dv + r(t, x, v, a, s) dt \wedge da
```

```
alpha == L*dt + ev(N)(Omega)
True
```

Equation of Motion ($E = 0$)

```
E = ev(N)(d(alpha))
```

E.display()

$$\left(-v^2 \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} - a^2 \frac{\partial q}{\partial v} - as \frac{\partial q}{\partial a} - af \frac{\partial q}{\partial s} - as \frac{\partial r}{\partial v} - s^2 \frac{\partial r}{\partial a} - fs \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} - \left(a \frac{\partial p}{\partial v} + s \frac{\partial p}{\partial a} + f \frac{\partial p}{\partial s} + a \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} + s \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}\right) \right. \\ \left. \left(v \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + a \frac{\partial p}{\partial v} + s \frac{\partial p}{\partial a} + f \frac{\partial p}{\partial s} - \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial p}{\partial t}\right) dx + \left(v \frac{\partial q}{\partial x} + a \frac{\partial q}{\partial v} + s \frac{\partial q}{\partial a} + f \frac{\partial q}{\partial s} + p(t, x, v, a, s) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial q}{\partial t}\right) dv \right. \\ \left. \left(v \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} + a \frac{\partial r}{\partial v} + s \frac{\partial r}{\partial a} + f \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} + q(t, x, v, a, s) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial t}\right) da + \left(r(t, x, v, a, s) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial s}\right) ds$$

Rewriting it in various ways.

$$E == N(L)*dt - N(t) * d(L) + N(p)*dx - N(x)*d(p) + N(q)*dv - N(v)*d(q) + N(r)*da - N(a)*d(r) - N(p*v+q*a+r*s)*dt + N(t)*d(p*v+q*a+r*s)$$

True

$$E == N(L)*dt - d(L) + N(p)*dx - v*d(p) + N(q)*dv - a*d(q) + N(r)*da - s*d(r) - N(p*v+q*a+r*s)*dt + d(p*v+q*a+r*s)$$

True

$$E == N(L-p*v-q*a-r*s)*dt - d(L - p*v - q*a - r*s) - v*d(p) - a*d(q) - s*d(r) + N(p)*dx + N(q)*dv + N(r)*da$$

True

$$d(p*v) == v*d(p) + p*d(v)$$

True

$$d(q*a) == a*d(q) + q*d(a)$$

True

$$d(r*s) == s*d(r) + r*d(s)$$

True

$$E == N(L - p*v - q*a - r*s)*dt - d(L) + p*dv + q*da + r*ds + N(p)*dx + N(q)*dv + N(r)*da$$

True

$$N(p*v) == p*N(v) + v*N(p)$$

True

$$E == N(L)*dt - (p*a+q*s+r*f)*dt - (v*N(p) + a*N(q) + s*N(r)) *dt - d(L) + p*dv + q*da + r*ds + N(p)*dx + N(q)*dv + N(r)*da$$

True

$$E == (N(L) - (p*a + q*s + r*f) - (v*N(p) + a*N(q) + s*N(r))) *dt + N(p)*dx + (N(q)+p)*dv + (N(r)+q)*da + r*ds - d(L)$$

True

$$d(L) == Dt(L)*dt + Dx(L)*dx + Dv(L)*dv + Da(L)*da + Ds(L)*ds$$

True

`r=Ds(L); r.display()`

$$\begin{aligned} M &\longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) &\longmapsto \frac{\partial L}{\partial s} \end{aligned}$$

`q=Da(L)-N(r); q.display()`

$$\begin{aligned} M &\longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) &\longmapsto -v \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial x \partial s} - a \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial v \partial s} - s \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial a \partial s} - f \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial s^2} - \frac{\partial^2 L}{\partial t \partial s} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial a} \end{aligned}$$

`p=Dv(L)-N(q); p.display()`

$$\begin{aligned} M &\longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) &\longmapsto v^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial x^2 \partial s} + a^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial v^2 \partial s} + 2as \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial v \partial a \partial s} + 2af \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial v \partial s^2} + s^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial a^2 \partial s} + 2fs \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial a \partial s^2} + f^2 \frac{\partial^3 L}{\partial s^3} + (2a \end{aligned}$$

1.3 For example: the Schiff and Poirier Lagrangian

`hbar = var('hbar', latex_name='\hbar')`

`m = var('m')`

`V = M.scalar_field(function('V')(var('x')))`

`L = 1/2*m*v^2 - V - hbar^2/4/m*(s/v^3-5/2*a^2/v^4); L.display()`

$$\begin{aligned} M &\longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) &\longmapsto \frac{4m^2v^6 - 8mv^4V(x) + 5a^2\hbar^2 - 2\hbar^2sv}{8mv^4} \end{aligned}$$

`r=Ds(L); r.display()`

$$\begin{aligned} M &\longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) &\longmapsto -\frac{\hbar^2}{4mv^3} \end{aligned}$$

`q=Da(L)-N(r); q.display()`

$$\begin{aligned} M &\longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) &\longmapsto \frac{a\hbar^2}{2mv^4} \end{aligned}$$

`p=Dv(L)-N(q); p.display()`

$$\begin{aligned} M &\longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ (t, x, v, a, s, f) &\longmapsto \frac{4m^2v^6 - 2a^2\hbar^2 + \hbar^2sv}{4mv^5} \end{aligned}$$

First Equation

`(N(p)-Dx(L)).expr().expand()`

$$am + \frac{5a^3\hbar^2}{2mv^6} - \frac{2a\hbar^2s}{mv^5} + \frac{f\hbar^2}{4mv^4} + D[0](V)(x)$$

Second Equation

`(Dt(L)-(N(L)-(p*a+q*s+r*f)-(v*N(p)+a*N(q)+s*N(r))))).expr().expand()`

$$amv + vD[0](V)(x) + \frac{5a^3\hbar^2}{2mv^5} - \frac{2a\hbar^2s}{mv^4} + \frac{f\hbar^2}{4mv^3}$$