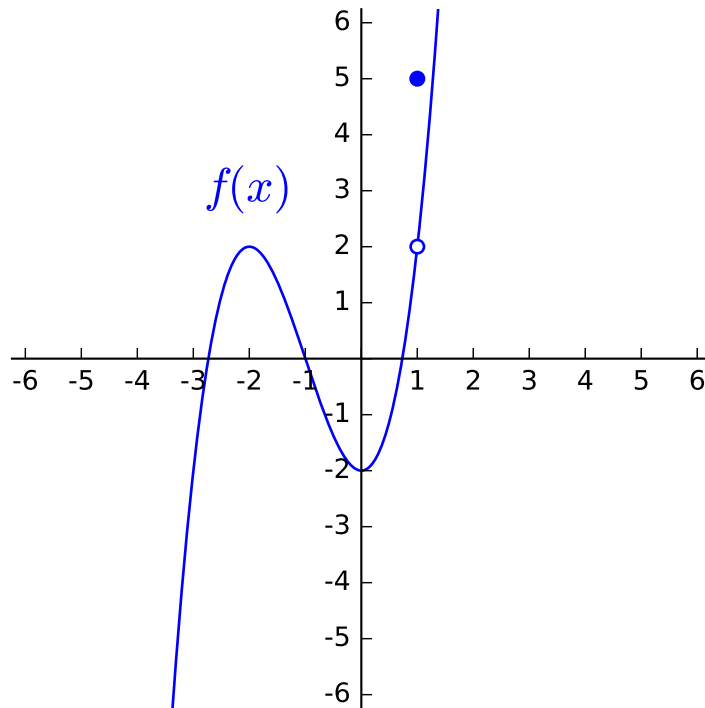


All work on this lab should be original effort from you. Although I encourage collaboration on this assignment, the work performed herein should be your own. Technology allowed on this lab includes: Desmos (<https://www.desmos.com/calculator>) and an approved TI calculator. This lab has 5 questions for a total of 0 points.

1. Below is the graph of $f(x)$.



Find the value of the following limits. If the limit does not exist, write DNE.

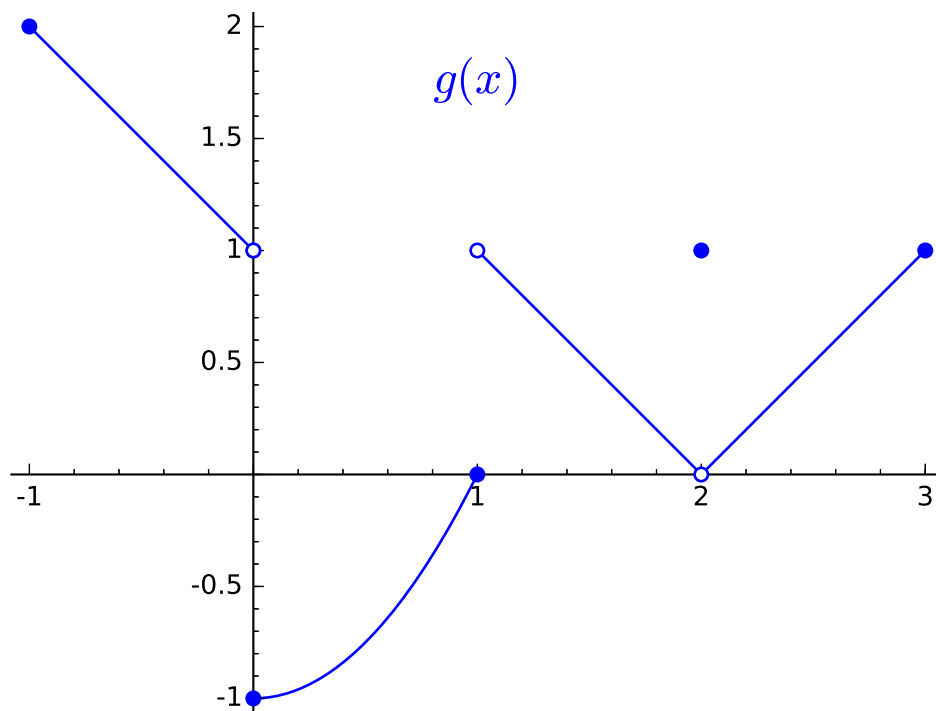
(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) = \underline{\mathbf{2}}$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \underline{\mathbf{2}}$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \underline{\mathbf{2}}$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = \underline{\mathbf{2}}$

2. Below is the graph of $g(x)$.



Find the value of the following limits. If the limit does not exist, write DNE.

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = \underline{2}$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = \underline{\text{DNE}}$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) = \underline{\text{DNE}}$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \underline{-1}$

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \underline{1}$

(f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \underline{\text{DNE}}$

(g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \underline{1}$

(h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \underline{0}$

(i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = \underline{\text{DNE}}$

(j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \underline{0}$

(k) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \underline{0}$

(l) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \underline{0}$

(m) What is the value of $f(0)$? $\underline{-1}$

(n) What is the value of $f(1)$? $\underline{0}$

(o) What is the value of $f(2)$? $\underline{1}$

3. Write the definition of $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \cos(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ using the formal epsilon-delta form of the definition of a limit.

Solution: For all $\varepsilon > 0$, there exists a $\delta > 0$ such that if $x \in \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \delta, \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cup \left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4} + \delta\right)$, then $\cos(x) \in \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \varepsilon, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \varepsilon\right)$.

4. Write the solution set, in interval notation, of the following absolute value inequalities.

(a) $0 < |x - 2| < 0.5$

Solution: $(1.5, 2) \cup (2, 2.5)$

(b) $0 < |x + 5| < 0.25$

Solution: $(-5.25, -5) \cup (-5, -4.75)$

(c) $|x^2 - 4| < 1$

Solution: $(\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{5})$

5. Describe, via a graph and a mathematical expression, the punctured interval around $x = 2$ with a radius of 0.1.

Solution: The punctured interval would be given by $0 < |x - 2| < 0.1$.

