1. Find the exact value of the arc length of $f(x) = \left(9 - x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$ on [1, 2] using definite integrals.

2. Find the exact value of the arc length of $g(x) = \ln(\sin x)$ on $\left[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}\right]$ using definite integrals.