## BUFFON'S NEEDLE

Buffon's ${ }^{1}$ Needle refers to the general class of problems:
If a needle is dropped at random onto a surface covered by a set of parallel lines, what is the probability that it crosses one of the lines?

## A Special Case

Assume that the parallel lines on the surface are all equally spaced a distance $d$ apart, and the needle also has length $d$.

- Can you work out the probability that a randomly dropped needle crosses one of the lines?
- On the reverse of this sheet you will find some equally spaced parallel lines. Use the 'needles' provided to investigate.


## Things to think about

Think about how one could analyse the other cases. The analysis for the case of a needle with length less than the gap between lines is just a minor modification of the approach for the case outlined above. When the length of the needle is greater than the gap between lines then the analysis requires a little more thought.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Georges-Louis Leclerc, Comte de Buffon, $1707-1788$, French naturalist and mathematician

